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## Basic Brushing (1972)

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# **Basic Brushing**

Toothbrushing will remove plaque\* and other debris from the outer, inner and biting surfaces of your teeth. Ask your dentist to recommend a toothbrush for you. Most dentists prescribe a brush with a straight handle, a flat brushing surface, and soft, end-rounded bristles. Soft bristles are less likely to injure gum tissues. The head of the brush should be small enough to let you reach every tooth (Children need smaller brushes than those designed for adults.).

A number of different toothbrushing methods are acceptable. The following method is one that is currently being suggested for the removal of plaque.

\*A sticky, colorless layer

of harmful bacteria that constantly forms on your teeth.

- Place the head of your toothbrush alongside your teeth, with the bristle tips angled against the gum line. (see figure 1)
- Move the brush back and forth with short (half-a-tooth wide) strokes several times, using a gentle "scrubbing" motion.
- Brush the outer surfaces of each tooth, uppers and lowers, keeping the bristles angled against the gum line.
- Figure 1



- Use the same method on all of the inside surfaces of your teeth, upper and lower, still using the short back and forth strokes.
- For the front teeeth, brush the inside surfaces of the upper and lower jaws by tilting the brush vertically and making several gentle up and down strokes with the "toe" (the front part) of the brush over the teeth and gum tissue. (see figure 2)





# **Toothbrushing Tips:**

- A worn out toothbrush will not clean your teeth. Replace your brush often.
- Your toothbrush will only clean one or two teeth at a time. Change its position frequently.
- Brush gently and with very short strokes but use enough pressure so that you feel the bristles against the gum.
- Cleaning your tongue with your brush will help your mouth feel fresher.
- Toothbrushing, like flossing, takes a little bit of time and practice to do properly.
- While it's better to brush several times a day be sure to brush (and floss) at least once thoroughly every day so that the plaque build-up is kept under control.
- If you notice any repeated discomfort or bleeding while brushing, consult your dentist.



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